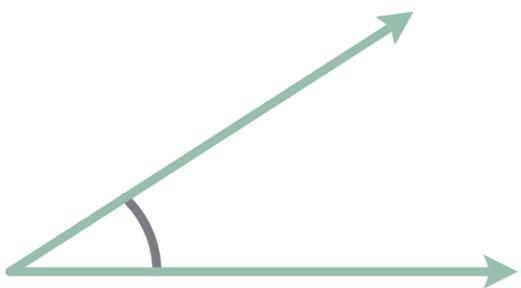


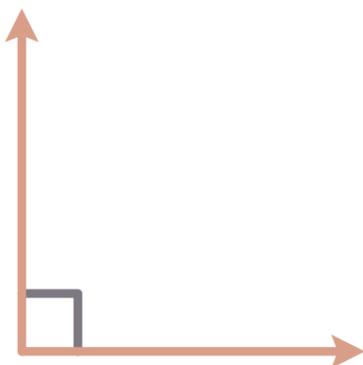


Ângulos



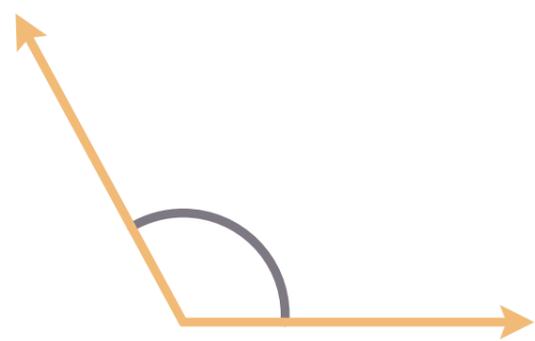
ÂNGULO AGUDO

A sua amplitude é menor do que 90°



ÂNGULO RETO

A sua amplitude é de 90°



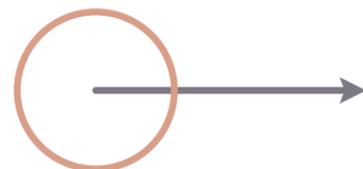
ÂNGULO OBTUSO

A sua amplitude é maior do que 90° e menor do que 180°



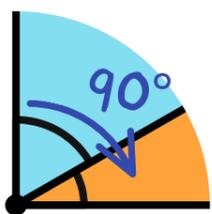
ÂNGULO RASO

A sua amplitude é de 180°



ÂNGULO GIRO

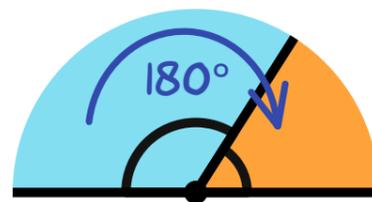
A sua amplitude é de 360°



ÂNGULOS

COMPLEMENTARES

A soma dos ângulos é igual a 90°



ÂNGULOS

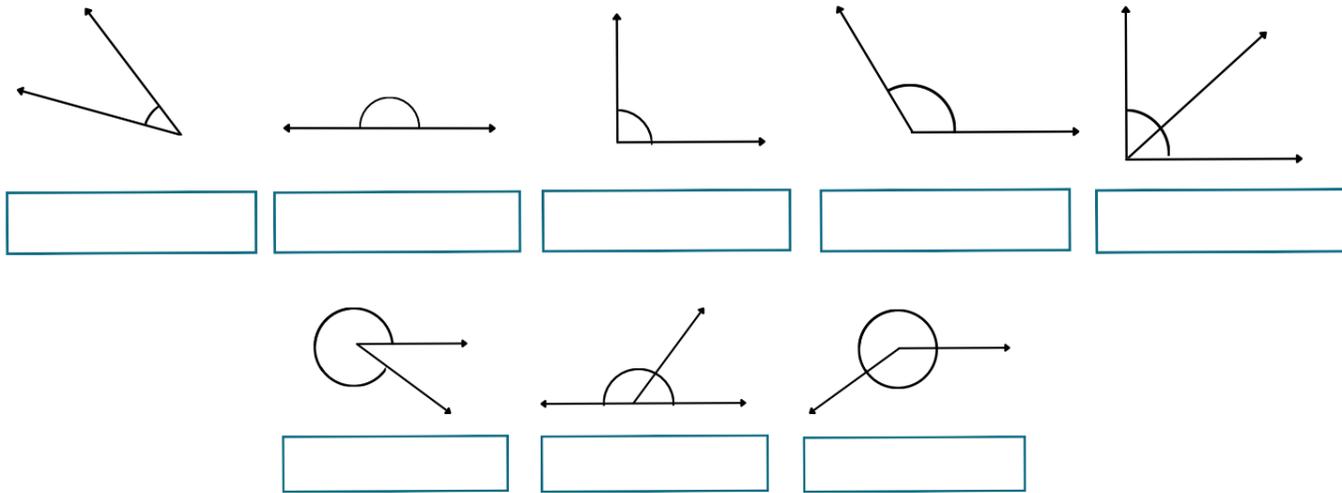
SUPLEMENTARES

A soma dos ângulos é igual a 180°

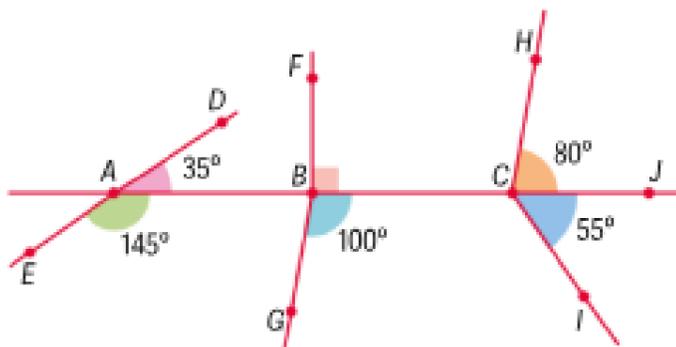


Exercícios

1 Classifica os ângulos



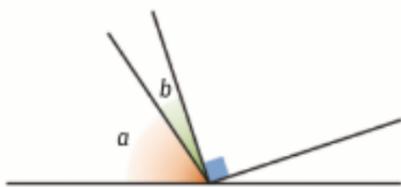
2 Completa com as seguintes palavras: **complementares** e **suplementares**



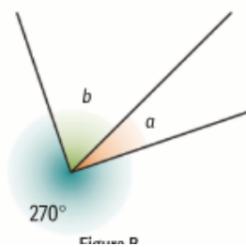
- a) Os ângulos **BAD** e **EAB** são _____.
- b) Os ângulos **BAD** e **ICJ** são _____.
- c) Os ângulos **JCH** e **GBC** são _____.
- d) Os ângulos **CBF** e **FBA** são _____.

3 Observa os seguintes pares de ângulos e indica:

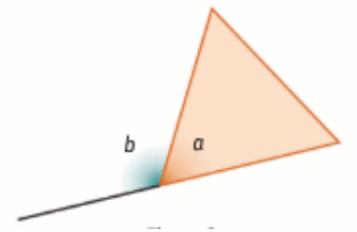
A



B



C



- a) o par de ângulos complementares. _____
- b) O par de ângulos suplementares. _____

4 Indica, em graus, a amplitude dos seguintes ângulos

- a) Complementar do ângulo **AOB**. _____
- b) Complementar do ângulo **BOC**. _____
- c) Suplementar do ângulo **AOB**. _____
- d) Suplementar do ângulo **BOC**. _____

